WHY DO I STILL HATE THEE? MISPERCEPTIONS OF OPPOSING POLITICAL ATTITUDES



BELLE TSEITLIN '22 & VIVIAN TA, PHD

<u>Introduction</u>

- Chambers & Melnyk (2006)
- So what if we're polarized?
- Partisans have less disagreement than they perceive; exaggeration of disagreement is most prevalent for central values

<u>Method</u>

- 314 participants, MTurk
- Rated own positions on various values
- Rated opposition's positions on same values

Results

- Significant increase in perceived disagreement on *pro-life* value of moral code of sexual conduct
- Significant increase in perceived disagreement on pro-choice values of freedom from government interference and value of human life
- In 2006 and 2019, perceived disagreement is almost always higher than actual disagreement

Discussion/Conclusions

- More perceived disagreement about central values
- Actual disagreement trends varied; for some, increased, for others, decreased
- Consistently higher PD than AD

Upon replicating Chambers & Melnyk (2006), we concluded that Americans perceive more political disagreement than there truly is. In some cases, political disagreement has increased, but generally, perceived disagreement is higher than actual disagreement.

Interested in learning more? Scan this QR code









